



Our vision is to enable children to become lifelong learners by creating a safe and inclusive learning environment that nurtures individuality and enhances potential

Communication and Language

We spend lots of time singing nursery rhymes, sharing stories, talking to one another throughout the day whilst we play. Whole class circle time, share ideas, take turns to speak and listen to our friends. We encourage a language rich environment, introducing the children to new vocabulary; we will learn vocabulary related to our topic Bears.

Enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens. •Can find it difficult to pay attention to more than one thing at a time •Use a wider range of vocabulary. •Understand a question or instruction that has two parts, such as: "Get your coat and wait at the door" •Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?" • Sing a large repertoire of songs. •Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story. •Develop their communication •Use longer sentences of four to six words • Be able to express a point of view and to debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions.• Can start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turns.

Literacy

We read a wide range of stories, sing songs and play games. The children will listen to stories relating to our topic. We will have fun retelling stories about bears such as 'Polar Bear, Polar Bear What do you hear?'. The children will continue to mark make e.g. design a 'Teddy bear picnic invitation'.

Understand the five key concepts about print: - print has meaning print can have different purposes - we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom - the names of the different parts of a book - page sequencing. • Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary. •Write some or all of their name. •Write some letters accurately.

Expressive Arts and Design

The children will explore a range of materials when making a bear collage. We will learn bear related songs and dances.

Explore different materials freely, in order to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make. • Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them• Explore colour and colour mixing. • Remember and sing entire songs.

Mathematics

As we explore our environment the children will have the opportunity to develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10. We learn positional language e.g. prepositions (under, over, through) using stories like 'We're going on a bear hunt'. We will continue to explore shapes and develop our subsisting skills.

Fast recognition of up to 3 objects ('subitising'). •Recite numbers past 5. •Say one number for each item in order: 1,2,3,4,5. •Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total. • Show 'finger numbers' up to 5. • Link numerals and amounts showing the right number of objects to match the numeral, up to 5. • Make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity. Select shapes appropriately: flat surfaces for building, a triangular prism for a roof etc • Talk about and identifies the patterns around them. Use informal language like 'pointy', 'spotty', 'blobs' etc.

Skills and Knowledge

Personal, Social and Emotional Development

We will be continuing to develop our understanding of our feelings and how other might be feeling. The children will have regular circle time sessions.

Select and use activities and resources, with help when needed Develop their sense of responsibility and membership of a community. • Become more outgoing with unfamiliar people, in the safe context of their setting •Play with one or more other children, extending and elaborating play ideas. •Help to find solutions to conflicts and rivalries. •Increasingly follow rules, understanding why they are important. •Do not always need an adult to remind them of a rule. •Develop appropriate ways of being assertive. •Talk with others to solve conflicts. •Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy' or 'sad'. •Begin to understand how others might be feeling.

Physical Development

In nursery the children have of opportunities to develop their physical skills both indoors and outdoors. We offer activities where the children can strengthen their fine and gross motor skills such as painting or climbing. The children will create different types of movements and actions with their bodies.

•Continue to develop their movement, balancing, riding and ball skills. •Go up steps and stairs, or climb up apparatus, using alternate feet. •Use large-muscle movements to paint and make marks. • Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves, or in teams. • Match their developing physical skills to tasks and activities in the setting. •Collaborate with others to manage large items. •Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors. •To eat independently and learning how to use a knife and fork. •Show a preference for a dominant hand. •Be increasingly independent as they get dressed and undressed, •Be increasingly independent in meeting their own care needs, e.g. brushing teeth, using the toilet, washing and drying their hands thoroughly.

Understanding the World

We will learn facts about different types of bears using the Interactive Whiteboard, iPads and books. The children will begin to understand the life cycles of bears and learn about bears in their natural habitats. Compare different kinds of bears – polar bear, brown bear, panda etc.

Use all their senses in hands on exploration of natural materials. •Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties. •Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary. • Begin to make sense of their own life-story and family's history. •Show interest in different occupations. •Explore how things work •Plant seeds and care for growing plants. •Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and an animal. •Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things. •Talk about the differences between materials and changes they notice. •Continue to develop positive attitudes about the differences between people •Know that there are different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in photos.